recommended such a modification of the post office laws as was embodied in this bill.

Mr. Mskrick promptly replied in the affirmative, and said that a majority of the people of the United States were decidedly favorable to such a modification.

States were decidedly favorable to such a modification.

Mr. Baggsg contended for a lower schedule of charges. If the reduction in England had increased the number of letters carried through the public maie four or five fold, why should not a like reduction produce a similar and even a greater increase in the correspondence among our people, scattered as they are over a much broader surface of courty. He doubted not but the lowest possible reduction would increase the number of letters in two or three years to five times their present amount. He should propose that instead of five cents upon single letters of half an ounce, &c., for fifty miles, to extend the distance for this charge to 100 miles.

amount. He should propose that instead of five cents upon single letters of half an ounce, &c., for fitt miles, to extend the distance for this charge to 100 miles.

Mr. Woosury was opposed to any scale of reduction that would throw the expense of the department, or any part of it, upon the treasury. He was, therefore, in favor of the amendment of the Senator from New Jersey, which proposed, while it reduced the minimum to three cents, to extend the maximum to 15 cents. Great as the social advantage would be trom the very lowest reduction, though it might give the means of—

"Soft intercourse from soul to soul, And waft a sigh from ladus to the pole," yet Mr. Woodbury would not have it done at the expense of the treasury. We now had an annual aggregate of thirty millions of letters passing through the post offices of the United States, and it gentlemen expected this amount by any reduction to be increased four fold, they would be mistaken. The increase in England had not been more than three fold—for in the last year of the old system there were seventy-five millions of letters carried through the English mails, while in 1848, under the peany system, there had been only two hundred and eleven millions. The chairman had calculated our increase at 20 per cent, other gentlemen of the House had estimated it only at 38 per cent, and even if the increase were two fold, the costs of the department would not warrant an inconsiderate reduction. Mr. Woodbury thought the English system of prepayment would be one of great advantage to the post office revenues, and ought to be engrafted in the bill

Mr. Niles, with much clearness in his statistical comparisons between the English and American post office facilities, distances, and expenses, arraned, notwithstanding our disadvantages, that the constantly accumulating increase of epistolatory correspondence from low rates of postage—the very lowest proposed—would ultimately afford a most ample subsistance to the Department. Mr. Niles declared hinuself in favor of the amendmen from the committee, and was happy to side
ith the chairman in this matter, though he had
en compelled in other tastances to vote agains

ward each other Mr. CRITTENDEN asked the state of the question

The Chair (Mr. Evans) explained the rates pro

The Chair (Mr. Evans) explained the rates proposed by the committee, the amendment offered by Mr. Miller yesterday, and the amendment to the amendment by Mr. Huntinaton

Mr. Crittendra declared houself in favor of the scale reported by the chairman of the post of fice committee; and urged upon the Scuate the propriety of action; for these amendments upon amendments only tended to the destruction of the measure itself, from downright exhaustion.

The Chair declared the question to be upon the amendment to the amendment of Mr. Huntinaton, as given above. The ayes and noes were called, and it was rejected—18 to 29

Mr. Millen's amendment for reducing the rates to the following standard:

For single letters of half an ounce, &c., for distances not exceeding 300 miles.

3 cents
Over 300 and not exceeding 300 miles.

5 cents
Over 100, and not exceeding 300 miles.

16 cents
was next rejected by a division—18 to 29.

Mr. Sammons now moved to amend, to extend the cent distance upon single letters, of half an nee, &c., from 100 miles to 250 miles. Wr. MERRICK said that the only effect of this rendment would be to cut off all the revenues of department. epartment.
Simmons said, that's got to be tried and ar-

Mr. MERRICK declined any argument on that

Mr. Simmons called for the ayes and noes.
Mr. Merrick said that the result of the amendment was plain. It would quadruple the amount of the five cent letters, and produce a corresponding reduction of the revenues of the department.
Mr. Buchanan—"Yes, that's it—that's it."
The amendment was rejected—21 to 25.
Mr. Busses moved so to amend, as that the

Mr. Barrer moved so to amend, as that the charge upon any letter, not exceeding in weight half an ounce, should be carried any distance for

half an ounce, should be carried any distance for five cents.

Mr. Dickinson asked an explanation.

Mr. Barrss said it was to prevent this spying into letters in the Post Offices. This prying into letters was very bad. The amendment was rejected.

Mr. Niles moved an amendment, spoke at length in evaluation of its and was answered by Mr.

in explanation of it, and was answered by Mr. Merick in opposition, to whom Mr Niles again replied, and called for the ayes and says.

The amendment is as follows:—

Strike out first section after the enacting clause to the two cent clause for drop letters, &c., and insert the following.—

Strike out first section after the enacting clause to the two cent clause for drep letters, &c., and insert the follow ing :—
That, from and after the passage of this act, all letters coaveyed in the mail shall be rated and charged with postage, as follows:—Each letter or packet conveyed, according to the usual course of the mail, any distance not exceeding one hundred miles. Shall be rated and charged five cents postage; and each letter or packet conveyed a gresser distance than one] hundred miles shall be rated and charged five cents postage. And each letter and packet, whether composed of one or more pieces, or containing an enclosure or not, which shall not exceed one half ounce in weight, shall be considered a single letter, and rated and charged accordingly; if weighing more than a half and not exceeding three quarters of an ounce, it shall be considered as a forble letter, and charged twice the aforesaid rates of postage; if weighing more than three-quarters and not exceeding one ounce, it shall be considered a treble letter, and charged three times the aforesaid rates; and for every additional half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce, in re shall be charged the rate of a single letter: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to enclose in any letter conveyed in the mail any enter letter or letters directed to different persons, in one envelope; and any person who shall deposite, or cause to be deposited, in any post office, to be conveyed in the mail, any letter, containing one or more letters enclosed, directed to different persons, or deposite, or cause to be deposited, in any post office, to be conveyed in the mail, any letter, containing one or more letters enclosed, directed to different persons, or half delivered, to the persons to whom the same are directed, any letter or letters so unlawfully conveyed in the mail, shall forfielt the sum of twenty delivers, or cause to be developed. A several letters, directed to the informer, and the other half to the Post Office Department; und it shall be the dut

The amendment was rejected-Ayes 17-Noes

The amendment was rejected—Ayes 17—Noes 24.

Mr. Baoby moved to strike out the 9th section of the bill, which provides for cutting off the franking privilege of members of Congress, and to substitute therefor five tree stamps to each member per day, is be furnished by the Department during the sessions of Congress. Mr. Bugby spoke indignantly of "stamps." He had strong constitutional prejudices against the very name. He had no idea of submitting to have a ring fixed in his mouth and a hook in his nose by the head of the Post Office Department. He argued that the advantages of the franking privilege were greater than any evile that could result from its abuse.

Mr. Dickinson also opposed the 9th section, because of the inconveniences to which it would subject members of Congress in their official correspondence.

On motion of Mr. Phelips, further action upon the bill was deferred till to-morrow.

A bill was passed providing for the payment of the evidences of public debt in certain cases.

Mr. Pagles moved that 5,000 extra coopies of the report of the Commissioner on Patents be printed, which question was referred to the Committee on Printing.

And the Senate adjourned.

## House of Representatives.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 29, 1845.

The rending of the Journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Housron of Ala., moved to go into Committee of
the Whole, but withdrew his motion.

Mr. Davizs of Ind., wished to have the consent of the
House to take up a resolution requiring the President to
transmit the result of the negotiations with Great Britin. The Sprakes told him it would be in order when the

to obvists these as far as possible that he had introduced the resolution.

Mr. Hourors said he proposed to amend the resolution by restricting the language, so that it should not furnish the reporters with all the papers printed for the use of the House (which it does not propose to do)

The question being put, a division was called, and subsequently teders, and 65 ovted in the sfirmative and 41 in the negative. No quorum. The yeas and nays were then called and resulted—yeas 119, nays 32. So the House resolved to reconsider, and then some of the members said they would debate it, and thus it was laid over, showing how much consideration they have for the labors of the reporters, to whom they are mostly indebted for what consideration they have at all, and showing, too how little they deserve it.

Mr Chapman, of Ala, offered a resolution declaring it to be the opinion of the House that the distribution of office, under the Federal Government, should be among the States and territories, in proportion to their Federal population. He demanded the previous question, which was not seconded, and members wishing to debate, it was laid over.

Mr. Buser moved to suspend the rules, and go into

Mr. Thomson, of miss, tunescale in the most of the Whole.

Mr. Barnkrahoor, of Ohio, wished to have it withdrawn to introduce a resolution—refused.

Mr. Abane rose to make some explanation, the purport of which was that they should wait for further information before they acted in this matter.

Mr. Thomson, of Miss, rose to order.

Mr. Abane was merely making an explanation, and was proceeding with his remarks, when

a division being called, 92 voted in the affirmative and 46 in the negative. The ilouse therefore resolved itself into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union and one good in partizular.

Mr. Weller, of Ohio, in the Chair.

The following is a copy of the amended bill for the establishment of the Territorial Government, for which we are indebted to Zadock Pratt, of N.Y:—

To organize a territorial government in the Oregon Territory, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the pessage of this act, all the country belonging to the United States, lying west of the unimit of the Rocky Mountains, and bounded on the orth by the forty-second, and on the north by the fifty furth degree and forty minutes of north latitude, shall constitute and be organized into a temporary government. to be called the Oregon territory.

Sc. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed a Governor of said Territory, who shall continue in effice for the term of five years, unless sooner dismissed by the President, and who shall reside in the Territory west of the Rocky Mountains

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed a Secretary of said Territory, who shall hold his office for the term of five years, unless sooner dismissed he shall reside in the said Territory, was of the Rocky Mountains.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary to keep the laws passed by the Legislature, the public records of the Territory, and the discoendings of the Governor in his executive department, to transmit authentic coppies of such acts and proceedings once in each year to the Secretary of the Territory, and the discoendings of the Governor of his executive department, to transmit authentic coppies of such acts and proceedings once in each year to the Secretary of the Countain the first of the United States or Territories, criminal and civil, as my be necessa

have power to ordain and enforce such rules and regulations as he may think best adapted to render the militia of said Territory most efficient.

SEC. 12 And be it further enacted, That so soon as there shall be five thousand free white male inhabitants over the age of twenty-one years, citizens of the United States, they shall have autherity to elect Representatives from the counties, townships, and districts, to represent them in the General Assembly of said Territory.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Governor to lay off in said Territory districts counties, and townships, for the purpose of elections as aloresaid.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That the Governor shall also prescribe the times and places for kolding said elections, and for the purpose of ascertaining the number of white males in said Territory; and the Governor shall also cannet the census to be taken at least once in every year, by persons to be appointed for that purpose in said Territory.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted. That for every five hundred free white male inhabitants, there shall be one Representative, with the legislature shall otherwise direct: Provided, That the number of Representatives shall never exceed fifty.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted. That no person shall be entitled to a vote for a Representative, or be eligible or qualified to act as anoth, unless he shall have been a citizen of one of the United States or some Territory thereof, or unless he ba an actual resident of said Territory, who shall acknowledge the jurisdiction of the United States over said Territory, and shall have power, and it is hereby made their duty, to interrogate, under oath, any and all oersons who may be suspected of a want of fidelity to the jurisdiction of the United States over said Territory, and to reject the voic or votes of any person or persons who may refuse to renounce, under oath, allegiance to any other government, when required to do so by soid judges. Sec. 17. And be it further en

serve as a Legislative Council. All vacancies occurring in said Council shall be filled by the House of Representatives.

Sec 21. And be it further enacted, That the members of the Legislative Council shall serve as such for the term of five years; but the same shall be classed by lot, so that one of said Council shall go out of office in each year, Sec 22. And be it further enacted. That the Gevernor, Legislative Council, and House of Representatives, shall have authority to make laws for the government of said Territory, not repugnant to this act nor to the constitution or laws of the United States.

Sec 23. And be it further enacted, That all bills having passed by a majority of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives, shall be referred to the Governor for his assent; and no act whatever shall be of any force without it, unless (when vetced by the Governor) it shall be passed by a vote of two-thirds of each House.

Sec 24. And be it further enacted, That the Governor shall have power to convene the Legislative Assembly when, in his opinion, it shall be expedient; and said Legislative Assembly shall not at any one time continue in season longer than sixty days.

Sec 26. And be it further enacted, That the Governor, herore he enters upon the discharge of the duties of his file, shall take an each or affirmation before some judge if the Supreme Court of the United States, and faithfully demean himself is office.

Bec. 26. And be it further enacted, That to soon as the Governor shall have entered upon the duties of his office, ne shall appoint a time and designate convenient places, and make such other regulations as may be right and proper, for the election of a Dulegate to Congress, who shall buy as a seat in Congress, with the right of debating, but not voting; said Delegate to be elected by the qualified voters in said Territory, and to hold his office for two shall have a seat in Congress, with the right of debating, but not voting; said Delegate to be elected by the qualified voters in said Te

fied voters in said Territory, and to held his office for two years

Sec. 27. And be it further enacted, That there shall be an attorney and marshal appointed, who shall took their effices for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salaries, and perform the same services, and be subject to the same regulations and penalties, as the attorney and marshal of the Territory of Wisconsin.

Sec. 28. And be it further enacted. That the governor, secretary, judge, attorney, and marshal, shall be nomina

ed, and, by and with the savice and consent of the Senate,

inities of such officer Sec. 30 And be it further enacted, That the Court es-lished by this act for said Territory, shall have and ex-utiose original common law jurisdiction, both in law and equity, over all cases arising in said Territory; and shall

hal perform the duties of superintendent of indian af-airs, within said Territory, and shall receive an annual alary of three thousand dollars. Sec 34 And be it further enacted, That the judge shall

salary of three thousand dollars.

Sec. 34 And be it further enacted. That the judge shall receive an annual salary of fitteen hundred dollars, small receive an annual salary of fitteen hundred dollars, which salaries to the above officers to be paid quarterly, out of the treasury of the United States.

Sec. 36. And be it further enacted, That the members of the Legislature shall receive each three dollars per day for every day they are in session, and fifteen cents mileage for travelling, in going to and returning from the said session, estimated according to the most usually travelled route.

Sec. 36. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States is authorized and required to cause to the United States is authorized and required to cause to be exected, at suilable places, a line of stockade forts and btook-houses, not exceeding five in number, from some point on the Missouri river, on the most practicable route to the south pass in the Rocky mountains.

Sec. 37 And be it further enacted, That the President is authorized and required to cause fortifications to be erected at or near the mouth of the Columbia river.

Sec. 33 And be it further enacted, That provision hereafter shall be made by law to secure and grant six hundred and forty acres of land to every white male inhabitant of the Territory of Oregon, being a citizen, on taking the oath of allegiance to the United States, of the age of eighteen years and upwards, who shall cullivate and use the same, or any part thereof, for five consecutive years, er to his heirs in case of his decease.

Sec. 39 And be it further enacted, That to every such inhabitant, being a married man, there shall be granted, n addition, one hundred and sixty acres to his wife, and the like quantity of one hundred and sixty acres to his wife, and the like quantity of one hundred and sixty acres to his wife, and the like quantity of one hundred and sixty acres to his wife, and received. That how the second of the first place of the decease.

Sales of Nocks at Philadelphia.

First Board, Jar. 30.—\$15000 State 5's, 70½; 1000 Tennessee 5's, 1st Jan. 83; 2000 old annual 5's, 64½; 265 do 64½; 100 shares Girard, 8½; 50 Wilmington, bo, 90½; 100 do 20½; 50 do, 64, 92; 100 Schuyilkill Navigation, 29½. Sacond Board, Jan. 29.—\$10900 State 5's, 84, 72½; 10000 do, 64, 72½; 1000 do, 64, 72½; 1000 State 6's, 1845, 1nt from Aug. '44. 71½; 5000 do 71; 500 State 6's, 1846, 74½; 1000 do 74; 2000 Tennessee 5's, 1st Jan. 33; 12 shas Commercial Bk. 50; 30 Philadelphia Bk. 107½; 100 Wilmington 53, 20½; 15 Penn'a Bk. 255; 1 Schuyikiil Navigation, 30.

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Liverpool May 1, 1844. Liverpool May 1, 1814

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